$\qquad$
$\qquad$ , Period $\qquad$
Mr. Rogove
Date: $\qquad$

LEARNING OBJECTIVE: We will fit a straight line to data in a scatter plot and determine its equation (G8M6L6)

## CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT:

A Scatter Plot is a graph of bivariate numerical data.

## 2 variables

Why do we view data in a scatterplot?

- Visual representation of data.
- Easier (than a table of data) to see trends.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { positive or negative } \\
& \text { - linear/non-linear } \\
& \text { Clusters \&outliers }
\end{aligned}
$$



Line of Best Fit: When scatter plots reveal a linear relationship, we can draw a line that represents the trend in the data. Our line should be drawn as close to as many points on the graph as possible.

We can also write an equation for this line -by identifying two points on the line, finding a slope and then a y-intercept.

$$
y=3.25 x+b \quad y=3.25 x+143.75
$$

$$
550=3.25 \cdot 125+b
$$

$$
x \geqslant 0
$$

$$
b=143.75
$$

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Dependent Variable (also called response variable) is the variable for which you are trying make predictions. Its value is dependent on the value of the independent variable. This is the $y$-value, on the vertical axis.
Example \#1: The price you pay for a home depends on how big it is.
Example \#2: The force with which a crocodile bites down is dependent on how much it weighs.

Independent Variable (also called explanatory variable) is the variable that s not changed by the other variables. This is the $x$-value on the horizontal axis.


We can measure the distance between a point on the graph and the line of best fit to see if data points behave as we would predict they would.
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## GUIDED PRACTICE:

## Steps for Determining Equations of Lines of Best Fit

1. Evaluate your scatter plot and evaluate the linearity of the data. (Does the data reveal a linear relationship?)
2. Draw a line over the data that goes as close to as many points as possible.
3. Identify two points on the line to find out the slope, and then use that figure out the y-intercept.
4. Answer any other questions in the context of the question.

Examine the table below and the scatter plot on the next page which measures the body mass and bite force of different kinds of crocodiles.

| Species | Body Mass <br> (pounds) | Bite Force <br> (pounds) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Dwarf Crocodile | 35 | 450 |
| Crocodile F | 40 | 260 |
| Alligator A | 30 | 250 |
| Caiman A | 28 | 230 |
| Caiman B | 37 | 240 |
| Caiman C | 45 | 255 |
| Nile Crocodile | 275 | 650 |
| Croc A | 110 | 550 |
| Croc B | 130 | 500 |
| Croc C | 135 | 600 |
| Croc D | 135 | 750 |
| Caiman D | 125 | 550 |
| Indian Gharial <br> Croc | 225 | 400 |
| Crocodile G | 220 | 1,000 |
| America Croc | 270 | 900 |
| Croc D | 285 | 750 |
| Croc E | 425 | 1,650 |
| American <br> Alligator | 300 | 1,150 |
| Alligator B | 325 | 1,200 |
| Alligator C | 365 | 1,450 |

What do you notice about the table?

- Not in order by biteforce OR body mass
- Lots of variety of crocodiles.
- Heavier crocs have stronger bites.
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What do you notice about the scatter plot?
Positive I linear

Can you draw a line of best fit and find the equation for the line?

$$
y=3.25 x+143.75
$$

Find the point that represents the Dwarf Crocodile and the point that represents the Indian Gharial Croce. Which observation was closer to the predicted line you drew? How do you know?


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Below is a scatter plot that the age in years and price in dollars for used Honda Civic cars advertised in the local papers.


What do you notice about the data?


Draw a line of best fit. What is the equation for the line? $\quad y=-875 x+b$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{9500-6000}{9-13} & =-875 \\
y & =17.375-875 x
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
9500=(-875) 9+b
$$

$$
-7875
$$

Which car in the data set has a predicted value farthest from the actual line?
loyears old

What does your equation predict the cost for a 10-year old car? How close is the prediction to the actual observation in the scatter plot?


$\$ 8,625$
How much would you expect a 5-year old car to cost based on the line you drew?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& y=[7,375-875(5) \\
& y=\frac{13000!}{1}
\end{aligned}
$$

$\qquad$ Period $\qquad$
$\qquad$

This is the data relating to house size and price in Milwaukee.


Draw a line of best fit. What is the equation for the line?

Which house is the farthest away from the predictions based on the line of best fit? What do you think would account for these differences?

Below is a scatter plot that shows how far a golf ball travels based on the speed of the club head.

## Golf Ball Travel and Club-Head Speed



What do you notice?

What is the equation for the line of best fit?
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## INDEPENDENT PRACTICE:

Have students do research on home prices in Mountain View.

## Activating Prior Knowledge:

## CLOSURE:

Have students look

## Notes:

